Conservation Rate Structures

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Water Conservation Rate Structures

- Inclined Blocks for Residential customers (avg = 7,500 g/mo)
- Elevated Flat rate for Commercial customers

Customer Class	Usage	\$ per 1,000 gallons
Residential Single-Family	0 to 10,000	\$2.26
	11,000 to 15,000	\$2.94
	16,000 to 20,000	\$3.61
	21,000 to 25,000	\$4.28
	26,000 and up	\$4.96
Commercial - Domestic	All usage	\$2.49
Commercial - Irrigation	All usage	\$2.68
Service Fees	Vary by meter size	\$10 to \$172

Inclined Block Rates for Residential Customers

- Residential = SFH and Duplexes only
- Market driven solution
- Customers decide if they want to pay the premium costs
- Protects low-usage customers
- Allocates cost to source (for capacity expansion)
- Could penalize large families
- Rate structure is "one size fits all"
- Unfair to homes with large lots
- HOA requirements & Deed restrictions
- ²⁷. Difficult to predict revenue impacts
- Much resistance to change culture

Water Conservation Results

- 2005 and 2010 were comparable rainfall years
- Inclined block rates in place only for 2009 & 2010
- Commercial rates not yet enacted (started in FY-2011)

Year	<u>Est Pop'n</u>	Annual Usage	Peak Day
2005	81,900	4.1 bg	20.4 mg
2010	94,400	4.4 bg	21.8 mg
% Increase	15%	7%	7%

Per Capita Usage, 12-month GPCD					
	2007	2008	2009	2010	
January	157	135	157	147	
February	157	135	157	144	
March	157	134	158	142	
April	154	135	158	141	
May	151	137	157	143	
June	146	146	156	136	
July	141	156	155	130	
August	135	158	157	131	
September	133	158	156	132	
October	135	157	151	137	
November	136	157	149	140	
December	135	157	148	142	

Elevated Flat Rate

- Commercial = Apartments, HOAs, Businesses & Schools – Most commercial customers have separate irrigation meter
- Inclined Block Rates would not work well
 Extreme variability among "reasonable" usage amounts
- Considered establishing customized Water Budgets
- Billing system would not accommodate this efficiently
- Stole this idea from Mary G in Fort Worth
- $\stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle \circ}{\to}$ A higher flat rate still provides a conservation incentive
- \mathbb{Z}_{\bullet} Homeowners complain that commercial rate is too low
- Much easier to predict revenue impacts
- Might create a "Public Institution" flat rate

Conclusions

- Conservation Rates in General
 - Difficult to get out ahead, before crisis
 - Check with your Billing folks first
 - Must have a champion on Council or BoardYour supporters will not be the vocal ones
- Inclined Block Rates
 - Residential vs. Commercial is difficult
 - Revenue projections are tricky
- Elevated Flat Rates
 - Not as effective, but might be as good as it gets

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